## Assignment 4: Kernels and Regularization

Submission: Thursday April 10th Maximum of 2 students per group

> Prof. Fabio A. González Machine Learning - 2008-I Maestría en Ing. de Sistemas y Computación

## 1. Regression on strings

(a) Implement a function that calculates a kernel over fixed-length strings,

$$k: \Sigma^d \times \Sigma^d \to \mathbb{R},$$

which counts the number of **coincidences** between two strings.

- (b) Implement the kernel ridge-regression (KRR) algorithm.
- (c) Use the KRR implementation and the kernel k to train a model using the training data set in http://dis.unal.edu.co/~fgonza/courses/2008-I/ml/assign4-train.
  txt. Evaluate the error of the model on the training data set. Plot the output of the model on the training data along with the real output values.
- (d) Evaluate the trained model on the test data set http://dis.unal.edu.co/~fgonza/ courses/2008-I/ml/assign4-test.txt. Plot the results and discuss them.
- (e) Build a new kernel, k', composing the kernel k with a polynomial kernel. Repeat steps (c) and (d).
- 2. Let  $\mathbf{x} = {\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_n}$  be a subset of a input data set X. Consider a kernel function  $k : \mathbf{X} \times \mathbf{X} \to \mathbb{R}$ , which induces a feature space  $\phi(\mathbf{X})$ :
  - (a) Deduce an expression, that allows to calculate the average distance to the center of mass of the image of set x in the feature space:

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \|\phi(\mathbf{x}_i) - \phi_S(\mathbf{x})\|_{\phi(X)},$$

where the center of mass is defined as

$$\phi_S(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \phi(\mathbf{x}_i).$$

- (b) Use previous expression to calculate the average distance to the center of mass of the following point set in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbf{x} = \{(0,1), (-1,3), (2,4), (3,-1), (-1,-2)\}$ , in the feature spaces induced by the following kernels:
  - i.  $k(x, y) = \langle x, y \rangle$ ii.  $k(x, y) = \langle x, y \rangle^2$ iii.  $k(x, y) = (\langle x, y \rangle + 1)^5$

- iv. Gaussian kernel
- 3. Controlling the model complexity
  - (a) Download the Wisconsin Breast Cancer data set from http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ ml/datasets/Breast+Cancer+Wisconsin+(Diagnostic) and divide it in a training set and a test set (50/50).
  - (b) Train a SVM using a linear kernel. Find an optimal complexity parameter, C, plotting the training and test error vs. the complexity parameter. Discuss the results.
  - (c) Repeat item (b) using a Gaussian kernel.
- 4. [Alp04] Exercise 9 (chap. 4, page 83)

## References

[Alp04] Alpaydin, E. 2004 Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning). The MIT Press.